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Centralizing monoids with majority witnesses on four-element domains

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A Galois correspondence

$$\mathcal{O}_A^{(n)} = A^{A^n} = \{f \mid f: A^n \longrightarrow A\}$$

$$\mathcal{O}_A = \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}_+} A^{A^n}$$

Commutation of $f \in \mathcal{O}_A^{(m)}$ with $g \in \mathcal{O}_A^{(n)}$

$$g \perp f : \Longleftrightarrow g \in \text{Hom}(\langle A; f \rangle^n; \langle A; f \rangle)$$

Centralizer of $F \subseteq \mathcal{O}_A$

$$F^* = \{g \in \mathcal{O}_A \mid \forall f \in F: g \perp f\}$$

$$= \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}_+} \text{Hom}(\langle A; F \rangle^n; \langle A; F \rangle)$$

(that's a **clone**)

$$F^{**} = (F^*)^* \supseteq \langle F \rangle_{\mathcal{O}_A} \supseteq F$$

(**bicentralizer**)

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$$F \subseteq \mathcal{O}_A$$

$$F^{*(1)} = \text{Hom}(\langle A; F \rangle; \langle A; F \rangle) = \text{End}(\langle A; F \rangle).$$

unary part of a centralizer = endomorphism monoid of an algebra

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unary part of a centralizer = endomorphism monoid of an algebra

$$s \in \mathcal{O}_A^{(1)}$$

$$s \in F^{*(1)} \iff \forall f \in F \forall \mathbf{x} \in A^{\text{ar } f} : s(f(\mathbf{x})) = f(s \circ \mathbf{x})$$

Centralizing monoids + observations

For $M \subseteq \mathcal{O}_A^{(1)}$ TFAE

- 1 M is a **centralizing monoid**

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$|A| = 3 \implies$ minimal majority functions and constants f
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Rosenberg, Machida 2010–11: $|A| = 3$

description of all centralizing monoids (192), 10 maximal

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(e.g. by $|\text{im } s|$: **permutations**, **2-el. image**, **const.**)

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 - \rightsquigarrow precise description of $\{s\}^* \cap \text{Maj}$
 - \rightsquigarrow observation when $\{s_1\}^* \cap \text{Maj} = \{s_2\}^* \cap \text{Maj}$

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- logical inferences betw conditions: e.g. contradiction

Exploiting Goldstern, Machida, Rosenberg

$\sigma := \{ (x, y, z) \in A^3 \mid x \neq y \neq z \neq x \}$ 24 triples with distinct entries

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other tuples, e.g. $s(f(a, a, b)) = s(a) = f(s(a), s(a), s(b))$

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$s \in \mathcal{O}_A^{(1)}$ constant, $f \in \text{Maj} \implies f \perp s$

$s \in \mathcal{O}_A^{(1)}$ with $\text{im}(s) = \{\alpha, \beta\}$, $|s^{-1}[\{\beta\}]| = 1$

$\text{Maj} \ni f \perp s \iff \forall \mathbf{x} \in \sigma: f(\mathbf{x}) \in s^{-1}[\{\alpha\}]$

Functions with $|\text{im } s| = 2$

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For $|A| = 4 \dots$

$$s \in \mathcal{O}_A^{(1)} \text{ with } \text{im}(s) = \{\alpha, \beta\}, \quad |s^{-1}[\{\beta\}]| = 2$$

$$\text{Maj} \ni f \perp s \iff$$

$$\forall (a,b,c) \in \sigma: f_{(a,b,c)} \in \begin{cases} s^{-1}[\{\textcolor{red}{\beta}\}] & \text{if } s^{-1}[\{\beta\}] \subseteq \{a,b,c\} \\ s^{-1}[\{\alpha\}] & \text{else.} \end{cases}$$

The four-element set

- $|\mathcal{O}_A^{(1)}| = 4^4 = 2^8 = 256$ unary operations
-

- 4 constants ✓
- $7 \cdot 12 = 84$ $s \in \mathcal{O}_A^{(1)}$ with $|\text{im } s| = 2$
2 lemmas, 7 cases \rightsquigarrow ✓
- 144 $s \in \mathcal{O}_A^{(1)}$ with $|\text{im } s| = 3$???
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Setting the scene

$f \in \text{Maj}$, $s \in \mathcal{O}_A^{(1)}$, $\text{im } s = \{\alpha, \beta, \gamma\}$

$$A = \{u, v, x, y\} \quad \frac{\bullet}{s(\bullet)} \parallel \begin{array}{c|c|c|c} u & v & x & y \\ \hline \alpha & \alpha & \beta & \gamma \end{array}.$$

- $s \triangleright \{\alpha, \beta, \gamma\},$

$$s|_{\{\alpha, \beta, \gamma\}} \notin \text{Sym } \{\alpha, \beta, \gamma\} \iff \{u, v\} \subseteq \{\alpha, \beta, \gamma\}$$

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- Case 1: $s|_{\{\alpha, \beta, \gamma\}}$ not a permutation
- Case 2: $s|_{\{\alpha, \beta, \gamma\}}$ is a permutation

How to enumerate all $f \in \{s\}^*$

$$f \in \text{Maj}, s \in \mathcal{O}_A^{(1)}$$

$$s \perp f \iff \forall \mathbf{x} \in \sigma: \quad s(f(\mathbf{x})) = f(s \circ \mathbf{x})$$

Construct a graph:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{x} &\mapsto s \circ \mathbf{x} \mapsto \dots \mapsto \mathbf{y} \\ f(\mathbf{x}) &\Leftarrow f(s \circ \mathbf{x}) \Leftarrow \dots \Leftarrow f(\mathbf{y}) \end{aligned}$$

where $f(\mathbf{y})$ is given by the majority law,
e.g. $\mathbf{y} = (\alpha, \alpha, \beta)$, so $f(\mathbf{y}) = \alpha$.

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$$A = \{u, v, x, y\} \quad \begin{array}{c|c|c|c} \bullet & u & v & x & y \\ \hline s(\bullet) & \alpha & \alpha & \beta & \gamma \end{array}.$$

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$s \perp f \iff$

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- $f(u, x, y) \in s^{-1}[\{f(\alpha, \beta, \gamma)\}]$
- $f(v, x, y) \in s^{-1}[\{f(\alpha, \beta, \gamma)\}]$

Case 2: $s|_{\{\alpha, \beta, \gamma\}} \in \text{Sym} \{\alpha, \beta, \gamma\}$

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$\{u, v\} \not\subseteq \{\alpha, \beta, \gamma\}$, assume $v \notin \{\alpha, \beta, \gamma\} \ni u$,

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- $f(u, x, y) \in s^{-1}[\{f(\alpha, \beta, \gamma)\}]$ (cyclic dep., group orbit)
- $f(v, x, y) \in s^{-1}[\{f(\alpha, \beta, \gamma)\}]$ (det. by values on orbit)

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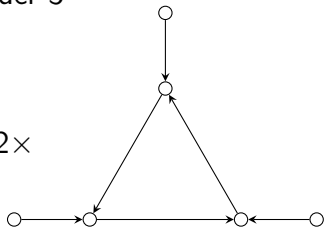
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Picture!

Order 3

2×



or

Order 2

3×



or

Order 1

6×



That's already good enough...

For $s \in \mathcal{O}_A^{(1)} \setminus \{\text{id}_A, c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3\}$

- enumerate $\{s\}^* \cap \text{Maj}$

That's already good enough...

For $s \in \mathcal{O}_A^{(1)} \setminus \{\text{id}_A, c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3\}$

- enumerate $\{s\}^* \cap \text{Maj}$
- $\forall f \in \{s\}^* \cap \text{Maj}$: compute $\{f\}^{*(1)}$

...since it gives the complete picture

...because

- exhaust all 144 remaining $s \in \mathcal{O}_A^{(1)}$
+ full enumeration of $\{s\}^* \cap \text{Maj} \implies$ full information

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- either $\exists f \in F: \{f\}^* \cap \mathcal{O}_A^{(1)} = \{\text{id}_A, c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3\}$, then
 $F' = \{\text{id}_A, c_0, \dots, c_3\}$

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 $F' = \{\text{id}_A, c_0, \dots, c_3\}$
- or F' is an **intersection of centralisers** already computed
 $\forall f \in F \exists s \in \{f\}^* \cap \left(\mathcal{O}_A^{(1)} \setminus \{\text{id}_A, c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3\} \right) :$
 $f \in \{s\}^* \cap \text{Maj}$

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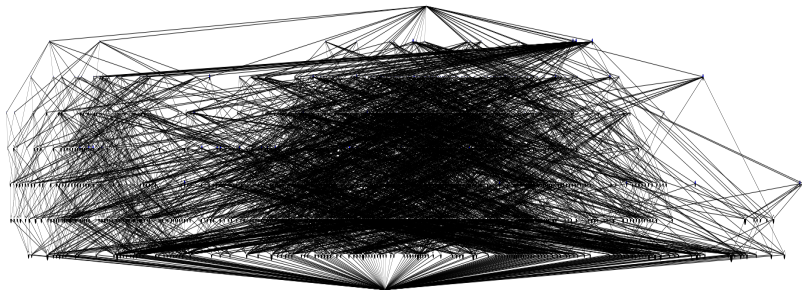
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- **Final result:** = 1 715 (after getting the computer to programme itself, and some bookkeeping)
- Only $392/4^{24}$ majority op's are needed to differentiate between all the monoids.
- Only $155/256$ unary op's are needed to differentiate between all the monoids.

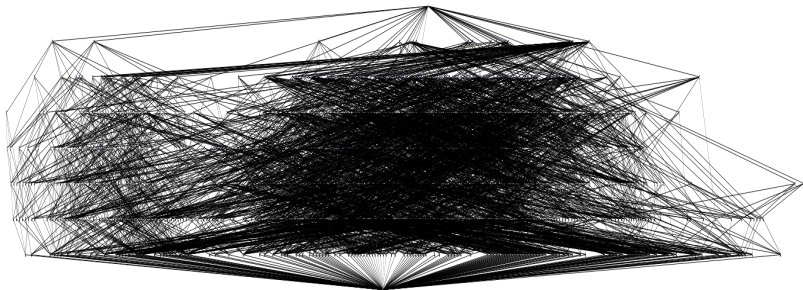
A glimpse at the lattice...

...without 144 functions with 3-element image



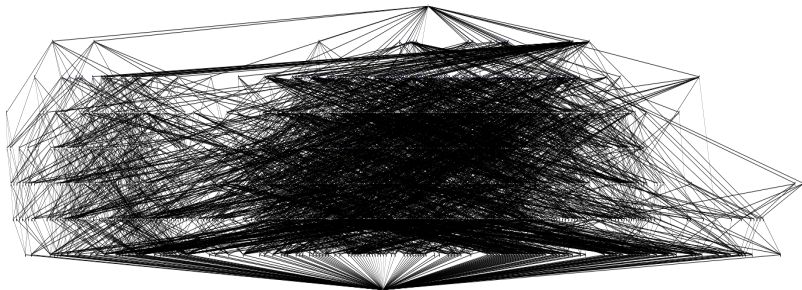
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Remarkably small increase for all the additional computations.

Further questions

- Number up to isomorphism?
- Classification of the monoids
- What about semiprojections?
- 5 elements, majority witnesses: feasible?

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Thank you for your attention.